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YAESU

144 MHz Band FM TRANSCEIVER

FT-2600M

OPERATING MANUAL



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This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

Menu System

Menu Selection Summary Menu Selection Details

...50

Menu System

Note

General Description

The FT-2600M is a deluxe, compact FM mobile transceiver providing high power output and outstanding receiver performance for the 144 MHz band. Included in the FT-2600M's feature complement are:

- readure complement are:

 O 60 Watts of power output, with selection of four power levels for every operating.
- O Expanded receiver coverage: 134-174 MHz.

situation.

- Neyboard entry of operating frequencies from the microphone.
- Excellent protection from receiver intermodulation distortion, thanks to Yaesu's renowned Advanced Track Tuning front end.
 - Outstanding packet radio capability at 1200 or 9600 bps with easy interface via a dedicated rear-panel jack.
- O 175 memories which can store repeater shifts, odd repeater shifts, CTCSS/DCS tones, and 8-character Alpha-Numeric labels for easy channel recognition.
 - O Built-in CTCSS and DCS Encoder/Decoder circuits.
- O The Smart Search" feature, which automatically sweeps a band and loads active frequencies into dedicated memory banks, is ideal for identifying active repeaters when visiting a city for the first time.
 - O Yaesu's exclusive ARTS"" (Auto-Range Transponder System), which alerts the operator when an "out-of-range" condition exists with another ARTS" equipped station. This feature is especially valuable during search-and-rescue operations with handheld units.
- Extensive Menu system, which allows customization of a number of transceiver performance characteristics.
- O The Yaesu-exclusive multi-function LCD display.

Additional features include a transmit Time-Out-Timer (TOT), Automatic Power-Off(APO), Automatic Repeater Shift (ARS), plus provision for reduction of the Tx deviation in areas of high channel congestion. And an all-new S-Meter Squelch circuit allows the owner to set the squelch to open at a programmable setting of the S-Meter, thus reducing guesswork in setting the squelch threshold.

Congratulations on your purchase of the FT-2600M! Whether this is your first rig, or if Yaesu equipment is already the backbone of your station, the Yaesu organization is committed to ensuring your enjoyment of this high-performance transceiver, which should provide you with many years of satisfying operation. Yaesu's dealer network and technical support personnel stand behind every product we sell, and we invite you to contact us should you require technical advice or assistance.

We recommend that you read this manual in its entirety prior to installing the FT-2600M, so that you fully understand the capabilities of your new transceiver.

Specifications

General

Channel Steps: Frequency Range:

Antenna Impedance: Mode of Emission: Frequency Stability:

Supply voltage:

Current Consumption(typical):

Operating Temperature Range: Case Size (WHD):

Weight:

Rx: 144-146 MHz or 134-174 MHz Tx: 144-146 or 144-148 MHz

Better than ± 10 ppm (-20° to +60° C) 5/10/12.5/15/20/25/50 kHz

Rx: less than 1 A (max. signal) 13.8 V DC (±10 %), negative ground

50 Ω, unbalanced

-20° to +60° C (-4° to +140° F) Tx: 10 A (60 W)/ 6 A (25 W)/4 A (10 W)/3 A (5 W) less than 0.4 A (squelched)

1.3 kg (2.9 lb.) 160 x 40 x 160 mm (6.3" x 1.6" x 6.3") (W/o knobs/connectors)

Transmitter

Spurious Radiation: Output Power: Maximum Deviation: Modulation Type: ±5 kHz/±2.5 kHz Better than -60 dB 60W/25W/10W/5W Variable Reactance

Receiver

Microphone Impedance:

Sensitivity (for 12dB SINAD): Intermediate Frequencies: Circuit Type:

Better than 0.2 µV @ 15 kHz bandwidth

21.7 MHz & 450 kHz

Double-Conversion Superheterodyne

12 / 30 kHz or 10/24 kHz

IF Rejection: Selectivity (-6/-60dB):

Better than 70 dB Better than 70 dB

Maximum AF Output: Image Rejection:

3.5 W into 4 Ω @10 % THD

Specifications subject to change without notice or obligation.

Specifications guaranteed only within the amateur band

tions. Frequency range and repeater shift may vary according to local requirements and regula-

Menu System

31 TONEF Function:

47 standard CTCSS Tones Setting of the CTCSS Tone Frequency (use Menu #10 FOR DCS)

Available Values:

Default Setting: 100.0 Hz

32 101 Function:

Set the time-out limit for the Time-Out Timer

Available Values: $1 \sim 60$ minutes, or OFF 6 minutes

Default Setting:

Function:

Reduction of the Microphone Gain/Deviation and receiver bandwidth

33 W/N

Default Setting: Available Values: WIDE/NARROW

WIDE (±5 kHz Deviation, 15 kHz bandwidth)

Menu System

23 RPTR Function: the Repeater Shift Direction Available Values: Default Setting:

Available Values: 24 RVRT Function:

Default Setting: 25 SCAN Function:

Available Values: Default Setting:

Available Values: Default Setting: 26 SHIFT Function:

27 SKIP Function:

Available Values: Default Setting:

Available Values: Function:

29 STEP

Available Values: Default Setting: Function:

30 TONE

Select the CTCSS or DCS mode. OFF, ENC, ENC/DEC, DCS Available Values: Default Setting: Function:

Enable/Disable the Automatic Repeater Shift feature and Setting of

ARS/SHIFT -/SHIFT +/OFF

Enable/Disable the "Priority Channel Revert" feature OFF/ON

Select the Scan Resume mode. BUSY/TIME BUSY

0.00 ~ 99.95 MHz (only shifts of less than 4 MHz will work) 600 kHz (depends on transceiver viersion) Set the magnitude of the Repeater Shift

Enable/Disable Skipping of a channel during scanning STOP (Stop on busy channel) SKIP/STOP

28 SQL

OFF/1 ~ 15 (arbitrary scale) Set the SQUELCH threshold

Default Setting:

Setting of the synthesizer steps used in VFO/Memory Tune opera-

5/10/12.5/15/20/25/50 kHz per step

5 kHz (USA version-other countries may be different)

FT-2600M OPERATING MANUAL

Accessories & Options

Accessories Supplied with FT-2600M

Microphone (see list below)

MMB-73 Mobile Mounting Bracket

DC Power Cord w/Fuse (Part # T9021715)

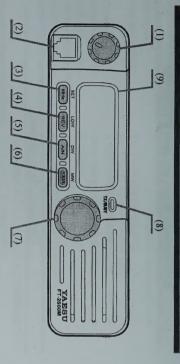
Spare 15 A Fuse (Part # Q0000081)

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

MH-42 _{B6J}	(or) MH-36 _{B6J}	SP-7	iker MLS-100	3 A) FP-1023A (U.S.A. only)	y (25 A) FP-1030A
Hand Mic	DTMF Keypad Mic	External Loudspeaker	High-Power External Speaker	Compact Power Supply (23 A)	External AC Power Supply (25 A) FP-1030A

Availability of accessories may vary. Some accessories are supplied as standard per local requirements, while others may be unavailable in some regions. Consult your Yaesu dealer for details regarding these and any newly-available options. Connection of any non-Yaesuapproved accessory, should it cause damage, may void the Limited Warranty on this ap-

Front Panel Controls and Switches



(1) Power / VOL Knob

Counterclockwise rotation into the click-stop will turn the radio off Furn this control clockwise to turn the radio on and to increase the volume

(2) Microphone Jack

selection, and Scanning control from the microphone This 6-contact modular jack accepts transmit audio, tone call (burst) or Dial / Memory

Pin 1: Sw 2 (Multi-function switching)

Pin 2: Cloning

Pin 3: +9V

Pin 4: GND

Pin 5: Microphone Input

Pin 6: Sw 1 (Multi-function switching)

(3) MHz (SET) Key

mode, and pressing it again enables 1-MHz steps. receiving on a memory, pressing this button the first time activates the Memory Tune (MT) This button allows tuning in 1-MHz steps (the MHz digits will blink on the display). If

Press and hold this key for one second to activate the "Set" (Menu) Mode

(4) REV (LOW) Key

mit and receive frequencies. During split-frequency operation, such as through a repeater, this button reverses the trans-

Press and hold this key for one second to change the transmitter power output level

The available power levels are

High $(60W) \Rightarrow Low1 (25W) \Rightarrow Low2 (10W) \Rightarrow Low3 (5W) \Rightarrow High (60W) ...$

FT-2600M OPERATING MANUAL

Menu System

unction: 14 DTMFS

Setting of the DTMF Autodialer Sending Speed

Default Setting: Available Values:

50 ms (high speed)

Function:

15 DTMFW

16 LCKTX

Loading of the DTMF Autodialer Memories. See page 30.

ON/OFF Enable/Disable the PTT Lock.

Default Setting:

17 LOCK

Available Values: Function:

Default Setting:

18 PCKT

Available Values Function:

Default Setting:

Available Values Default Setting: Function: SQL OFF (SQUELCH OFF)

19 PG P1

20 PG P2

Available Values Function:

21 PG AC

Default Setting Available Values Function:

SQL OFF/SSRCH/TONE/TSRCH/T-BURST/RPTR

Programming the function assigned to microphone key ACC

TSRCH (TONE SEARCH)

22. RFSQL

Default Setting: **Available Values**

function:

Available Values: OFF

OFF ON/OFF Enable/Disable the key/button Lock

MIC OFF MIC ON/MIC OFF Enable/Disable the Microphone during Packet transmission.

SQL OFF/SSRCH/TONE/TSRCH/T-BURST/RPTR Programming the function assigned to microphone key P1

Programming the function assigned to microphone key P2

Default Setting: SQL OFF/SSRCH/TONE/TSRCH/T-BURST/RPTR SSRCH (SMART SEARCH)

Function:

OFF/S-3/S-5/S-7/S-9/S-FULL Adjust the RF Squelch threshold level.

Menu System

DE CHNUM

Function:

ON/OFF Available Values: Default Setting:

07 CWID

Function:

Available Values: Default Setting:

DB CWIDN Function:

Default Setting:

DO BC

Function:

Available Values: Default Setting: 10DCSN Function:

Available Values: 11DCSNR Function:

Default Setting:

Setting of the front panel display's illumination level Available Values: Default Setting: Function:

13 DTMFD Function:

Setting of the DTMF Autodialer Delay Time. 50/250/450/750/1000 ms. Available Values: Default Setting:

Enable/Disable the momentary display of the Memory Channel Num-

ber as the Main Dial knob is rotated.

Enable/Disable the CW Identifier during ARTS operation.

The callsign also appears briefly when the radio is turned on. ON/OFF

Program the callsign used by the ARTS CW Identifier. YAESU

Indicate the Supply Voltage

Setting of the DCS Code #.

104 standard DCS codes. 023

Decoder: Inverted) Decoder: Normal) Select "Normal" or "Inverted" DCS coding. (Encoder: Normal (Encoder: Normal TRX NOR RX REV

Decoder: Normal) (Encoder: Inverted Decoder: Inverted) (Encoder: Inverted **IRX REV** CX REV

Decoder: Normal) (Encoder: Normal **TRX NOR**

12 DIMR

D1/D2/D3/D4/OFF

D1 (brightest setting)

450 ms.

FT-2600M OPERATING MANUAL

Front Panel Controls and Switches

5) A/N (DW) Key

While receiving on a memory, pressing this button toggles the display between indication of the frequency and the channel's Alpha/Numeric label. Press and hold this key for one second to activate the Dual Watch feature, described in the Operation chapter ("PRI" will be displayed on the LCD, indicating "Priority Channel" monitoring).

(6) D/MR (MW) Key

This button switches operation between the two main tuning modes: Dial and Memory

Press and hold this key for one second to activate the Memory Storage mode.

7) Main Dial Knob

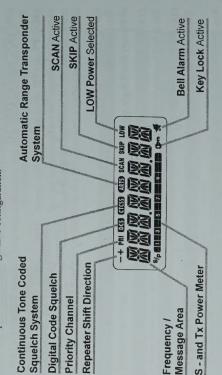
This 20-position detented rotary switch is used for tuning, memory selection and most function settings. Note that the microphone's UP/DWN buttons duplicate the tuning functions of the Main Dial

(8) BUSY/TX Indicator

This lamp glows green (during reception) when the channel is busy, and red during transmission.

9) Display

The main digits on the display may show operating frequency, memory name, and/or a number of parameters during Menu configuration.



Microphone Switches (MH-36вы)

(10) PTT Switch

Press this switch to transmit, and release it to re-

21

key ACC

Programming the function assigned to microphone

SQL OFF/SSRCH/TONE/

TSRCH

OFF

Default

Ayailable Values

Menu System

(11) KEYPAD

rectly from the keypad The desired operating frequency may be entered di-

(12) **DWN** Button

second to start scanning. one synthesizer step. Hold this button in for one Press this button momentarily to tune downward by

(13) **UP** Button

second to start scanning. one synthesizer step. Hold this button in for one Press this button momentarily to tune upward by

3

TONEF

TOT

M

receiver bandwidth

Reduction of the Microphone Gain/Deviation and

WIDE/NARROW 1 - 60 minutes, or OFF 47 standard CTCSS Tones OFF, ENC, ENC/DEC, DCS 5/10/12.5/15/20/25/50 kHz per

> 6 minute 100.0 Hz

WIDE

Set the time-out limit for the Time-Out Times Setting of the CTCSS Tone Frequency 83

STEP

Setting of the synthesizer steps used in VFO or

5 kHz

OFF

Memory Tune operation act the CTCSS or DCS mode

SQL SKIP

(14) **LOCK** Switch

Slide this switch upward to lock the microphone's

(15) LAMP Switch

ing for the microphone's keys Slide this switch upward to activate the back-light-

(16) ACC Button (TSRCH

tion is "Tone Search." is programmed via the MENU, and the default funcof operating functions. The configuration of this key (ACC, P1, and P2) which may be used for control This is one of three programmable-function keys

(17) **P** Button (D/MR)

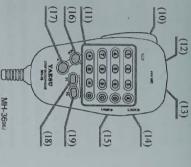
or Memory Recall tuning methods This key allows selection of the Dial, Home Channel

(18) **P1** Button (SQL OFF) The default function for this key is "Monitor" (Squelch Off)

(19) **P2** Button (SSRCH)

The default function for this key is activation of the Smart Search™ feature

Note: DTMF keys may not be availaable on some transceiver versions. Microphone ap pearance may differ slightly from that shown in the drawing



27 88 25 24 23

Enable/Disable Skipping of a channel during

SKIP/STOP (only ±4 MHz will work) D.00 - 99.96 MHz BUSYTIME

STOP

600 KHz

BUSY

OFF ARS

SHIFT SCAN RVRT RPTR RESOL PG AC

Set the magnitude of the Repo

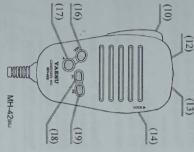
Select the Scan Resume mode

Setting of the Repeater Shift Direction Adjust the RF Squeich Itreshold level

Enable/Disable the "Priority Channel Re

OFFION

ARS/Shift -/Shift +/OFF OFF/S-3/\$-5/S-7/S-9/S-FULL TSRCH/T_BURST/RPTR



MENU SELECTION DETAILS

01 ALPH

Function: Programming an Alpha/Numeric label for a memory. See page 32

02 APO

Function: Enable/Disable the Automatic Power Off feature.

Available Values: 1 ~ 12 Hours, or OFF

O3 ARTS

Default Setting:

Function: Select the ARTS mode

Available Values: TRX/TX/RX/OFF

Default Setting:

04 BEEP

Function: Enable/Disable the key/button beeper

Default Setting: Available Values: ON/OFF 9

05 BELL

Enable/Disable the CTCSS Bell Paging feature

Default Setting: Available Values: Function: ON/OFF

Menu System

The FT-2600M's Menu system allows a number of transceiver operating parameters to be custom-configured for your operating requirements.

The Menu is easy to activate and set, using the following procedure:

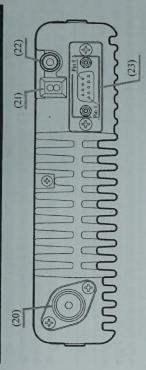
- ① Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second.
- ② Rotate the Main Dial knob to select the Menu item to be adjusted.
- Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to adjust the status or value of the Menu item.
- After completing your adjustment, press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

Menu items are conveniently arranged in alphabetical order.

MENU SELECTION SUMMARY

Menu Rem	Function	Available Values	Default
	Programming an Alpha/Numeric label for a memory	ı	1
	Enable/Disable the Automatic Power Off teature	1 ~ 12 Hours, or OFF	OFF
	Select the ARTS mode	TRX/TX/RX/OFF	OFF
	Enable/Disable the key/button beeper	ONOFF	NO
	Enable/Disable the CTCSS Bell Paging feature	ON/OFF	OFF
RESERVED TO SERVED TO SERV	Enable/Disable the momentary display of the Memory Channel Number	ONIOFF	OFF
	Enable/Disable the CW Identifier during ARTS operation	ON/OFF	OFF
DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF T	Program the calisign used by the ARTS CW dentries	1	YAESU
	Indicate the DC Supply Voltage		-
1/88 (F) (S)	Setting of the DCS Code #	104 standard DCS codes	023
	Select "Normal" or "Inverted" DCS coding	TRX NORRX REVITX REVITRX REV	TRX NOR
10000000	Setting of the front panel display's illumination level	D1/D2/D3/D4/OFF	- 0.1
-	Setting of the DTMF Autodialer Delay Time	50/250/450/750/1000 ms.	450 ms.
dillinides.	Setting of the DTMF Autodialer Sending Speed	50/100 ms.	.50 ms.
	Loading of the DTMF Autodialer Memories	1	1
NUMBER OF	Enable-Disable the PTT Lock	ONOFF	OFF
	Enable/Disable the key/button Lock	ON/OFF	OFF
MATERIAL SECTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF	Enable/Disable the Microphone during Packet Vansmission	MIC OFFMIC ON	MIC OFF
	Programming the function assigned to microphone key P1	SQL OFF/SSRCH/TONE/ TSRCH / T-BURST/RPTR	SQL OFF
Separatibes.	Programming the function assigned to microphone key P2	SQL OFF/SSRCH/TONE/ TSRCH/T-BURST/RPTR	SSRCH

Rear Panel Connectors



(20) ANT Coaxial Socket

Connect a resonant 144-MHz antenna to this type-M (SO-239) socket using 50-Ω coaxial cable and a type-M (PL-259) plug.

(21) 13.8V DC Cable Pigtail w/Fuse

This is the power supply connection for the transceiver. Use the supplied DC cable to connect this pigtail to the car battery or other DC power supply capable of at least 10 Amperes (continuous duty). Make certain that the red lead connects to the positive side of the supply. The fuse in the DC Cable is rated at 15-A, fast-blow.

(22) EXP SP Jack

This 2-contact 3.5-mm phone jack provides receiver audio output for an optional external speaker. The audio impedance is 4 Ohms, and the level varies according to the setting of the front panel's **VOL** control. Inserting a plug into this jack disables audio from the transceiver's internal speaker.

(23) DSUB 9-Pin Data Connector

External Transmit Audio input, PTT (Push To Talk), Squelch, and Receive Audio output signals may be obtained from this connector for use with accessories such as a data transmission/reception modem, etc.

Squetch Signal Output Pecket Rx Data Output (6) Packet Tx Data Input (96) Packet Rx Data Output (1) Ground Not Used External PTT Signal Input DC Output	600 bps) 200 bps)	Carrier In: Closed (Open Collector) Maximum voltage 16 V, Max. sink current 10 mA Typ. output level 600 mV/600 Ω. Max. Input 1.2 V Typ. output level 200 mV/600 Ω. GND: TX. Open: RX Switched and regulated DC 5.0 V output for supplying power to
---	----------------------	---

Installation

This chapter describes the installation procedure for integrating the FT-2600M into a typical amateur radio station. It is presumed that you possess technical knowledge and conceptual understanding consistent with your status as a licensed radio amateur. Please take some extra time to make certain that the important safety and technical requirements detailed in this chapter are followed closely.

PRELIMINARY INSPECTION

Inspect the transceiver visually immediately upon opening the packing carton. Confirm that all controls and switches work freely, and inspect the cabinet for any damage. Gently shake the transceiver to verify that no internal components have been shaken loose due to rough handling during shipping.

If any evidence of damage is discovered, document it thoroughly and contact the shipping company (or your local dealer, if the unit was purchased over-the-counter) so as to get instructions regarding the prompt resolution of the damage situation. Be certain to save the shipping carton, especially if there are any punctures or other evidence of damage incurred during shipping; if it is necessary to return the unit for service or replacement, use the original packing materials but put the entire package inside another packing carton, so as to preserve the evidence of shipping damage for insurance purposes.

INSTALLATION TIPS

To ensure long life of the components, be certain to provide adequate ventilation around the cabinet of the FT-2600M.

Do not install the transceiver on top of another heat-generating device (such as a power supply or amplifier), and do not place equipment, books, or papers on top of the FT-2600M. Avoid heating vents and window locations that could expose the transceiver to excessive direct sunlight, especially in hot climates. The FT-2600M should not be used in an environment where the ambient temperature exceeds +60° C (140° F).

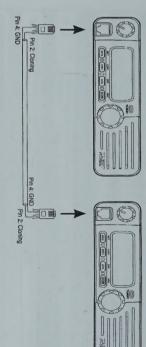
SAFETY INFORMATION

The FT-2600M is an electrical apparatus, as well as a generator of RF (Radio Frequency) energy, and you should exercise all safety precautions as are appropriate for this type of device. These safety tips apply to *any* device installed in a well-designed amateur radio station.

- ☐ Do not allow unsupervised children to play in the vicinity of your transceiver or antenna installation.
- ☐ Be certain to wrap any wire or cable splices thoroughly with insulating electrical tape, to prevent short circuits.

Transceiver Cloning

You can transfer all data stored in one transceiver to another set by utilizing the handy "CLONING" feature. This requires a user-constructed cloning cable which connects the **MIC** jacks on the two transceivers as shown below.



To clone from one transceiver to another, use the following procedure

- (1) Insert the Clone Cable into the MIC jack of each transceiver.
-) Turn both transceivers off, then press and hold in the [A/N] key on each radio while turning the power on again. The "CLN" notation will appear on the display.
- (3) On the "destination" radio, press the [D/MR] button.
- (4) Now, on the "source" radio, press the [MHz] key.
- (5) If there is a problem during the cloning process, "CLN ERR" will be displayed. Check your cable connections and try again.
- (6) If cloning is successful, turn the "destination" radio off. Now turn the "source" radio off.

Remove the clone cable. Channel and operating data for both radios are now identical. They both may be turned on now for normal operation.

Resetting the CPU

RESET ALL MENU SETTINGS

To reset all MENU settings to their factory defaults, press the [REV] key and [D/MR] buttons while turning the transceiver on.

CPU MASTER RESET FOR ALL MEMORIES AND MENU SETTINGS

To perform a CPU master reset for all memories and MENU settings, press the [A/N] and [D/MR] keys while turning the transceiver on.

Installation

- ☐ Do not route cables or wires through door jambs or other locations where, through wear and tear, they may become frayed and shorted to ground or to each other.
- Do not stand in front of a directional antenna while you are transmitting into that antenna. Do not install a directional antenna in any location where humans or pets may be walking in the main directional lobe of the antenna's radiation pattern.
- In mobile installations, it is preferable to mount your antenna on top of the roof of the vehicle, if feasible, so as to utilize the car body as a counterpoise for the antenna and raise the radiation pattern as far away from passengers as possible.
- ☐ During vehicular operation when stopped (in a parking lot, for example), make it a practice to switch to Low power if there are people walking nearby.
- ☐ Never wear dual-earmuff headphones while driving a vehicle.

RF FIELD EXPOSURE INFORMATION

This transceiver is capable of power output in excess of 50 Watts, so customers in the United States may be required to demonstrate compliance with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regulations concerning maximum permissible exposure to radio frequency energy. Compliance is based on the actual power output used, feedline loss, antenna type and height, and other factors which can only be evaluated as a system.

Information regarding these regulations may be available from your Dealer, your local radio club, from the FCC directly (press releases and other information can be found on the FCC's site on the World Wide Web at http://www.artl.org (225 Main St., Newington CT 06111 or http://www.artl.org).

ANTENNA CONSIDERATIONS

The FT-2600M is designed for use with antennas presenting an impedance of near 50 Ω at all operating frequencies. The antenna (or a 50 Ω dummy load) should be connected whenever the transceiver is turned on, to avoid damage that could otherwise result if transmission occurs accidentally without an antenna.

Ensure that your antenna is designed to handle 60 Watts of transmitter power. Some magnetic-mount mobile antennas, designed for use with hand-held transceivers, may not be capable of this power level. Consult the antenna manufacturer's specification sheet for details.

Most all FM work is performed using vertical polarization. When installing a directional antenna such as a Yagi or Quad, be certain to orient it so as to produce vertical polarization, unless you are engaged in a special operating situation where horizontal polarization is used.

Installation

meter Amateur band. able, as a directional antenna such as a Yagi will have degraded performance outside the 2-For general listening, you may wish to have a broadband antenna such as a discone avail-Note that this transceiver is designed with wide frequency coverage in the VHF spectrum

antenna installation requirements tion of VHF antennas. Your dealer should be able to assist you with all aspects of your Excellent reference texts and computer software are available for the design and optimiza-

at 146 MHz; choose your coaxial cable carefully based on the installation location (mobile mobile installation, the smaller, more flexible cable types may be acceptable) vs. base) and the overall length of the cable required (for very short runs of cable in a cable is used. Losses in coaxial lines increase as the frequency increases, so an 8-meterefforts at providing an efficient antenna system will be wasted if poor quality, lossy coaxial long (25°) coaxial line with 0.75 dB of loss at 28 MHz may have a loss of 1.8 dB or more Use high-quality 50 Ω coaxial cable for the lead-in to your FT-2600M transceiver. All

axial cables frequently used in VHF installations For reference, the chart below shows approximate loss figures for typically-available co-

Loss in dB per 30 m (100 feet) for Selected 50 \(\Omega \) Coaxial Cables (Assumes 50 Ω Input/Output Terminations)

7/8" "Hardling"	1/2" "Hardline"	Belden® 9913	RG-8 Foam	RG-8A, RG-213	RG-58 Foam	RG-58A	Cable Type
0.7	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.7	6.5	Loss: 144 MHz

Loss figures are approximate; consult cable manufacturers' catalogs for complete specifications

coaxial cable that fits within your budget will ensure the best performance from your FT munications effectiveness. The use of the shortest possible length of the highest quality entering a coaxial cable will cause losses to escalate rapidly, thus diminishing your com-In outdoor installations, be certain to weatherproof all connectors thoroughly, as water

Miscellaneous Settings

PROGRAMMABLE MICROPHONE KEYS (ACC/P1/P2)

another function for a particular key or keys. [P1], [P2], and [ACC] buttons. These may be changed by the user, if you wish to define Default FT-2600M key functions have been assigned (at the factory) to the microphone's

To change the assignment of a key's function:

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to the Menu Item # corresponding to the key to be assigned a function (19 PG P1, 20 PC P2, or 21 PG AC).
- (2) Press the [MHz] key momentarily, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the funcavailable choices are: tion you wish to assign to the key or button you selected in the previous step. The

RPTR TONE TSRCH SSRCH T. BURS SQL OFF Initiates Smart Search scanning. Opens the Squelch to allow un-muted reception Selects Repeater Shift direction Initiates scanning for (unknown) CTCSS/DCS tone or code Selects CTCSS or DCS mode and frequency/code Activates 1750 Hz Tone Burst.

- (3) Press the [MHz] key momentarily to lock in the new setting
- (4) Rotate the Main Dial knob to select another programmable key or button to modify, if desired, from the remaining Menu items. Follow the procedure outlined above
- (5) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation

Note: The function of the [P] key is fixed on the [D/MR/HDME] selection

You can reduce the microphone input level and receiver bandwidth when operating on FM BANDWIDTH & MIC GAIN CONTROL

tightly-clustered frequencies (channel spacing of 12.5- or 15-kHz). This will reduce the ransmitter and receiver deviation, thus minimizing interference to other users

To reduce the microphone input level:

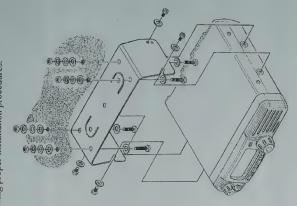
- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "33 W/N."
 - Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to change the display to "NARROW."
 - (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

To restore the normal (higher) microphone input level and normal (15 kHz) receiver bandwidth, select "WIDE" in step (2) above.

Installation

MOBILE INSTALLATION

The FT-2600M must only be installed in vehicles having a negative ground electrical system. Mount the transceiver where the display, controls, and microphone are easily accessible, using the supplied MMB-73 mounting bracket. The transceiver may be installed in any position, but should not be positioned near a heating vent nor anywhere where it might interfere with driving (either visually or mechanically). Make sure to provide plenty of space at the rear of the transceiver so that air can flow freely through the heatsink. Refer to the diagrams showing proper installation procedures.



Transceiver Installation

- Choose a mounting location with sufficient clearance for the transceiver, plus space for ventilation around the heat sink. Using the mounting bracket as a template for the mounting holes, use a 4.8 mm (3/16") bit to drill the mounting holes, and secure the mounting bracket with the supplied screws, washers, and nuts (see diagram).
 - Position the transceiver in the bracket so that the holes in the side are aligned with those in the bracket, and bolt the transceiver into place using the supplied short screws and flat washers.

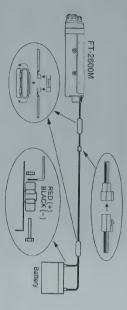
Mobile Power Connections

To minimize voltage drop and avoid blowing the vehicle's fuses, connect the supplied DC power cable directly to the battery terminals. Do not attempt to defeat or bypass the DC cable's fuse—it is there to protect you, your transceiver, and your vehicle's electrical system.

Warning!

Never apply AC power to the power cable of the FT-2600M, nor DC voltage greater than 15.2 Volts. When replacing the fuse, only use a 15-A fast-blow type. Failure to observe these safety precautions will void the Limited Warranty on this product.

- □ Before connecting the transceiver, check the voltage at the battery terminals while revving the engine. If the voltage exceeds 15 Volts, adjust the vehicle's voltage regulator before proceeding with installation.
- Connect the RED power cable lead to the POSITIVE (+) battery terminal, and the BLACK power cable lead to the NEGATIVE (-) terminal. If you need to extend the power cable, use #12 AWG or larger insulated, stranded copper wire. Solder the splice connections carefully, and wrap the connections thoroughly with insulating electrical tape.
- ☐ Before connecting the cable to the transceiver, verify the voltage and polarity of the voltage at the transceiver end of the DC cable using a DC voltmeter. Now connect the transceiver to the DC cable.



Mobile Speakers

The optional SP-7 External Speaker includes its own swivel-type mounting bracket, and is available from your Yaesu dealer.

Other external speakers may be used with the FT-2600M, if they present the specified 4- Ω impedance and are capable of handling the 3.5 Watts of audio output supplied by the FT-2600M.

Miscellaneous Settings

TIME-OUT TIMER

The "Time-Out Timer" (TOT) feature is designed to force the transceiver into the "receive" mode after a preset time period of continuous transmission (the default is 6 minutes). This feature prevents your transceiver from transmitting a "dead carrier" for a long period of time in the event that the microphone **PTT** switch is accidentally locked in the "TX" condition.

The Time-Out Timer's "switch-to-receive" time may be adjusted, in one minute increments, for any period between I and 60 minutes.

To change the default (6 minute) time setting as follows:

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "32 TOT."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired time interval (between 1 and 60 minutes, or OFF).
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

AUTOMATIC POWER-OFF

The "Automatic Power-Off" (APO) feature will turn the radio completely off after a user-defined period of PTT or key/button inactivity. If you do not press any front panel keys or buttons, rotate the Main Dial knob, use the microphone's keys and buttons, or transmit, and so long as the transceiver is not scanning or engaged in priority monitoring, the radio will shut itself off after the specified time period. This feature is useful in minimizing battery drain in a mobile installation if you forget to turn the transceiver off when you leave your vehicle.

To activate the APO feature as follows:

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "02 APO."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired "switch-off" time (between 1 and 12 hours, or OFF).
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

Packet Operation

Once you have connected your TNC and computer according to the instructions on page 13, there normally is no other configuration of the FT-2600M required for successful operation. The transceiver will automatically be configured for the proper baud rate (1200 bps or 9600 bps) depending on the signal path of the data passing via the rear panel's DATA connector.

Normally, the microphone will be cut off during packet transmission, so as to avoid interference to the data stream by voice input. However, this protection feature can be disabled, if you have some reason to want the microphone to be active during packet transmission.

To re-activate the microphone during packet transmission:

- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "18 PCKT."
- !) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "MIC ON."
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

To disable the microphone during packet transmission (the typical configuration), select "MIC OFF" in step (2) above.

Packet operating procedures are governed by the software used by your computer and TNC. Consult the documentation accompanying the software for details on packet operation.

Installation

BASE STATION INSTALLATION

The FT-2600M is ideal for base station use as well as in mobile installations. The FT-2600M is specifically designed to integrate into your station easily, using the information. to follow as a reference.

AC Power Supplies

Operation of the FT-2600M from an AC line *requires* a power source capable of providing at least 10 Amps continuously at 13.8 Volts DC. The FP-1023A, FP-1025A, and FP-1030A. AC Power Supplies are available from your Yaesu dealer to satisfy these requirements. Other well-regulated power supplies may be used, as well, if they meet the above voltage and current specifications.

Use the DC power cable supplied with your transceiver for making power connections to the power supply. Connect the RED power cable lead to the POSITIVE(+) power supply terminal, and connect the BLACK power cable lead to the NEGATIVE (-) power supply terminal.

Packet Radio Terminal Node Controller (TNC)

The FT-2600M provides a convenient rear-panel **DATA** jack for easy connections to your TNC. This connector is a standard Dsub 9-pin connector, widely available from electronics parts suppliers.

The FT-2600M's **DATA** jack connections are optimized for the data transmission and reception speed in use. In accordance with industry standards, the signal levels, impedances, and bandwidths are significantly different on 9600 bps as opposed to 1200 bps. If your TNC does not provide multiple lines to accommodate such optimization, you may still be able to utilize your TNC, if it is designed for multiple-radio use, by connecting the TNC "Radio I" port to the 1200 bps lines on the FT-2600M, and the "Radio 2" port to the 9600 bps lines.

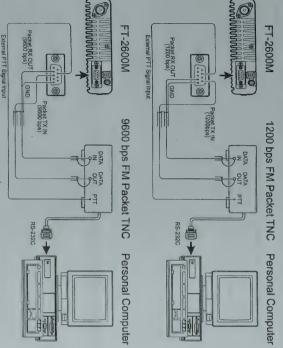
The pin connections of the DATA connector are shown below.

Installation

Note that 9600 bps packet transmit-deviation adjustment is very critical to successful operation, and can only be accomplished using a calibrated deviation meter (such as that found on an FM Service Monitor used in a communications service center). In most cases, the Packet Data Input level (set via a potentiometer inside the TNC) must be adjusted to provide a deviation of ±2.75 kHz (±0.25 kHz). Check with your packet node's sysop if you have any questions about the appropriate deviation level for your network.

The setting of the 1200 bps Packet Data Input level is much less critical, and satisfactory adjustment to the optimum (±2.5 ~ ±3.5 kHz) deviation can usually be done "by ear" by adjusting the TNC's 1200 bps TX Audio Level potentiometer so that the outgoing packets (as monitored on a separate VHF or UHF receiver) are approximately the same level as (A) the DTMF tones or (B) the 1750 Hz Burst tone produced by the MH-36ss or MH-42ss microphone.

Typical connections to a TNC are shown below



Finally, note that Menu #18 ("PCKT") allows you to enable or disable the microphone during packet operation. Normally, the default setting ("Microphone Disabled during Packet TX") is appropriate; when the microprocessor detects PTT input from the Data connector, the microphone will be disabled.

ARTS™: Auto Range Transpond System

ARTS Modes

In the previous ARTS description, both transceivers were set to the "THX" (transceive mode. There are two other ARTS modes available from MENU #03, as outlined below:

- RX Use this mode if you only want your radio to listen, and not poll the other station (in which case their radio should be set to the "TX" mode). Here, your radio will beep and flash "ARTS" icon to indicate the state of connection.
- TX Likewise, this puts your radio into a transmit-only "beacon" mode where you won't hear the polling beeps (but you can still hear when the other station talks). When activated, you have no display of whether or not the other station is in range ("ARTS" icon do not appear). You should have your CW IDer enabled when this mode is activated.

CW ID (MORSE IDENTIFIER) SET UP

The ARTS feature includes a CW identifier, as mentioned previously. The FT-2600M can be instructed to send "DE (*your callsign*) K" in Morse code every nine minutes during ARTS operation. The callsign field may contain up to 7 characters.

Here's how to program the CW IDer

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "OB CWIDN."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key. You will notice the first entry's place blinking. This indicates the CW ID Entry Mode. In this mode, rotate the Main Dial knob to select the numbers and letters in the callsign, and press the [D/MR] key to move the character's entry place to the right.
 (2) Posses the Main Dial knob to select the first number or letter in the callsign, then press
- (3) Rotate the **Main Dial** knob to select the first number or letter in the callsign, then press the [**D/MR**] key to move the next character's place.
- (4) Repeat step (3) as many times as necessary to complete the callsign entry
- (5) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the CW IDer entry and exit to normal operation.

To activate the CW IDer

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "07 CVVID."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to change the display to "ON."
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

To disable the CW IDer, select "OFF" in step (2) above.

ARTS™: Auto Range Transpond System

This system uses DCS signaling to inform you when you and another ARTS-equipped station are within communications range. Both stations must first select DCS operation using the same DCS code.

Whenever you press the **PTT**, or every 30 seconds after ARTS is activated, your radio transmits a (subaudible) DCS signal. If the other radio is in range, the beeper (if enabled) will sound, and "ARTS/ogo" will flash on the display.

Whether you talk or not, the radios will continue to poll each other every 30 seconds while ARTS is activated. You can also have your radio transmit your callsign via CW every nine minutes, to comply with identification requirements.

If you move out range for more than one minute (two polls), your radio senses that no signal has been received. The beeper will sound, and the "ARTS/ogo" will stop flashing. If you move back into range, your radio will again beep, and the "ARTS/ogo" will again flash.

During ARTS operation, it is not possible to change the operating frequency or other settings; you must first terminate ARTS to resume normal operation. This is a safety feature to prevent accidental loss of contact due to channel change, etc.

ARTS BASIC OPERATION

Here is how to activate ARTS:

- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "O3 ARTS."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the ARTS operating mode: "RX (receive-only)," "TX (transmit-only)," "TRX (transceive)," or "OFF." The operating descriptions assume both radios are set to "TRX."
 - (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the entry and exit. The "ARTS" icon will appear in the display. The display will now show "ARTS" icon. After two pollings (one minute), if a response is not detected, "ARTS" icon will appear continuously, otherwise, "ARTS" icon will be flashed as long as both stations remain in range.
 - (4) To cancel ARTS operation, select "OFF" in step (2) above.

Operation

BASIC OPERATION/RECEPTION

POWER ON/OFF

Turn the Power / VOL Knob clockwise to turn on the radio.

The start-up channel will be the same one on which you were operating when the radio was last turned off.

SUPPLY VOLTAGE DISPLAY

When you turn on the radio, the current DC supply voltage will be indicated on the display for one second. After this interval, the display will resume its normal indication of the operating frequency.

To view the supply voltage at any time during operation, use the following procedure:

- (1) Press and hold the [MHz] key for one second to activate the "Ser" (MENU) mode; then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "OB DC IN."
- Press the [MHz] key momentarily to display the current DC supply voltage on the LCD.
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to exit to normal operation

ADJUSTING THE VOLUME AND SQUELCH

Rotate the **VOL** control to adjust the receiver volume. Clockwise rotation increases the audio output level.

The Squelch system is designed to keep the receiver quiet until a signal is received. The Squelch should be adjusted to the point where the background noise is just silenced; any "higher" setting will reduce the receiver's sensitivity to weak signals.

To adjust the setting of the Squelch system:

- (1) Rotate the Main Dial to select a clear frequency (where no signals are present).
- (2) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "28 SQI "
- (3) Press the [MHz] key momentarily, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the squelch threshold level (OFF, or 1 to 15). While you are making this adjustment, you will be able to hear the background noise appear when the Squelch setting is too low. The best sensitivity will be realized when the Squelch is set to one number past the point where noise is muted.
- (4) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

A special "RF SQUELCH" feature is provided on this radio. This feature allows you to set the squelch so that only signals exceeding a certain S-meter level will open the squelch.

- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "22 RFSQL."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key momentarily, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired signal strength level for the squelch threshold (OFF, S-3, S-5, S-7, S-9, or S-FULL).
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

Note: The receiver's squelch will open based on the <u>highest level</u> set by the two squelch systems (Noise Squelch and RF Squelch). For example:

- (1) If the <u>Noise Squelch</u> (Menu #28) is set so that signals at a level of S-3 will open the squelch, but the <u>RF Squelch</u> (Menu #22) is set to "S-9," the squelch will only open on signals which are S-9 or stronger on the S-meter.
- (2) If the RF Squelch is set to "S-3," but the Noise Squelch is set to a high level which will only pass signals which are Full Scale on the S-meter, the squelch will only open on signals which are Full Scale on the S-meter. In this case, the Noise Squelch overrides the action of the RF Squelch.

LOCK FEATURE

If nothing happens when you press a button... the panel may be "locked" (this feature is normally used to prevent accidental changes to the settings of controls and switches). To unlock the front panel, use the following procedure:

- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "17 LOCK."
 Press the [MHz] key momentarily, then rotate the Main Dial knob to change the set-
- (3) Press and hold the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.
- (4) To re-lock the front panel, select "ON" in step (2) above.

VEYPAD BEEPER

A key/button beeper provides useful audible feedback whenever a button is pressed. Each key and button has a different beep pitch, and each function has a unique beep combination.

If you want to turn the beeper off (or back on again):

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "04 BEEP."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the display to "OFF."
- (3) Press and hold the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

Scanning

PRIORITY REVERT MODE

During Priority channel operation (Dual Watch), a special feature is available which will allow you to move to the Priority Channel instantly, without waiting for activity to appear on the Priority Channel.

When this feature is enabled, and Priority monitoring is engaged, just press the microphone's **PTT** button. Operation will instantly revert to the Priority Channel.

To enable Priority Revert operation:

- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "24 RVRT."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "ON."
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

To disable Priority Revert operation, select "OFF" in step (2) above.

The Priority function allows automatic checking for activity on Memory Channel 001 every five seconds while operating on the VFO or a different memory. When the receiver detects a signal on the "Priority" memory, operation automatically shifts to that channel while the signal is present (plus a few seconds). If you transmit while "paused" on the Priority channel, priority monitoring will cease, and the transceiver will "hold" indefinitely on the Priority channel. Only Channel 001 is available as the "Priority" channel. PRIORITY CHANNEL MONITORING

To set up for priority monitoring:

- (1) Preset the SQL control to silence the background noise on a clear channel, then store the frequency to be the "Priority" channel into Memory Channel 001.
- Press the [D/MR] key to operate in the VFO mode. If you are in the memory mode, select the memory on which you wish to operate (other than the Priority channel),
 - Press and hold in the [A/N] key for one second to initiate priority monitoring. The "PRI" ("Priority Channel") notation will appear at the top of the display.

During priority monitoring, the displayed frequency will shift to the priority memory briefly about every five seconds, while the receiver checks for the presence of a signal While no signal appears on the Priority memory (causing the squelch to open), you can you cannot scan (except manually, one step at a time, using the microphone's [UP] and une, transmit and receive on the VFO, or select and operate on other memories; however, DWN] buttons), as the scanning logic circuits are already dedicated to the priority scanning activities. If a station you wish to talk with appears on the Priority memory, press the PTT switch ning. At this point, the FT-2600M will be shifted to the MR mode on Channel 001, and the momentarily while receiving their signal (no transmission will occur) to halt priority scanprevious operating status (VFO, MR, or Home) will be ignored. Otherwise, if you elect not to call the station appearing on the Priority channel, priority monitoring will pause and the decimal on the display will blink. Priority monitoring will esume based on the setting of the regular scanning-resume mode – either after a 5-second bause, or after the carrier drops out.

To cancel priority monitoring, press the [D/MR] key momentarily.

The priority function is not disabled by switching the transceiver off. If you were engaged in priority monitoring at the moment you turned the radio off, it will assume that you will want to continue priority monitoring during your next operating session, and will come up still in the priority mode when the transceiver is switched back on.

DISPLAY BRIGHTNESS

ty with minimal disruption of your "night vision" while you are driving. The brightness of The FT-2600M display illumination has been specially engineered to provide high visibilthe display is manually adjustable, using the following procedure:

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "12 DIMR."
 - Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select a comfortable brightness level: D1, D2, D3, D4, or OFF (no illumination).
- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation. (3)

TUNING: THE "DIAL" (VFO) MODE

This mode is used for selecting a frequency utilizing the Main Dial knob and microphone UP] and [DWN] buttons allow the Variable Frequency Oscillator (VFO) to tune in the selected step size. When scanning in the VFO mode, the same steps are used as in manual

Clockwise rotation of the Main Dial knob increases the operating frequency, while counterclockwise rotation tunes toward a lower frequency. To move frequency rapidly (in 1 MHz steps), press the [MHz] key momentarily, then rotate the Main Dial knob. The 1 MHz digit of the frequency display will blink while "1 MHz Tuning" is enabled. When you have selected the desired "1 MHz" frequency digit, press the [MHz] key momentarily once more, then resume normal tuning using the Main Dial knob.

CHANNEL STEP SELECTION

Tuning steps are factory preset to default increments which are appropriate for the country to which this radio is exported.

To change to another step size, use the following procedure:

- (1) Press and hold the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired step size: 5.0/10.0/12.5/15.0/20.0/25.0/50.0 (kHz).
- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation. (3)

DIRECT KEYPAD FREQUENCY ENTRY (MH-3686) MICROPHONE

ating frequency. It also may be used for recall of memory channels The keypad of the MH-36861 DTMF Microphone may be used for direct entry of the oper-

To enter a frequency from the MH-36B61 keypad

- (1) Press the [D/MR] key, if necessary, to set the transceiver into the VFO mode
- (2) While receiving on any VFO frequency, enter the digits of the desired frequency "beep" will be of longer duration, to confirm that the frequency entry is complete. A high-pitched "beep" will confirm each key closure as you enter the digits; the final For example, to enter 146.520 MHz, press $[1] \Rightarrow [4] \Rightarrow [6] \Rightarrow [5] \Rightarrow [2] \Rightarrow [0]$.
- (3) The [#] key may be used to abbreviate the entry procedure. Pressing the [#] key sets To enter 144.000 MHz, press $[1]\Rightarrow [4]\Rightarrow [4]\Rightarrow [\#]$ For example, to enter 146.500 MHz, press $[1]\Rightarrow [4]\Rightarrow [6]\Rightarrow [5]\Rightarrow [\#]$ the current digit and all following digits to "0" to complete the entry.

can recall a memory from the MH-3666 from any operating mode: VFO, HOME, or Memory Recalling memories is equally simple (see page 32 for details on memory operation). You

- (1) Press the Channel Number you wish to recall, then press the [*] key. For example, to $[1] \Rightarrow [3] \Rightarrow [5] \Rightarrow [*].$ recall Memory Channel 2, press [2]⇒[*]. To recall Channel number 135, press
- (2) To return to the VFO mode, press the front panel's [D/MR] key or the microphone's [P] key twice (the first press recalls the Home channel memory; see page 34).
- (3) If you are in the Memory Recall mode, you can enter a new operating frequency dito the "Memory Tune" mode, which is described in detail on page 34. indicator will appear at the right side of the display; this indicates that you have switched rectly, as described above for VFO operation. However, you will observe that a "T"

SMART SEARCH OPERATION

repeater shift data pertaining to those channels on which activity is found (if Automatic mable Band-Scan Limits, and will load the special memory bank with the frequency and tered, not according to signal strength or by ascending frequency Repeater Shift is activated). The channels are loaded in the order in which they are encoun-Search will sweep either the entire band or the portion of the band within the Programtion - a special bank of up to 50 memory channels (per band) based on activity. Smart The Smart Search feature may be used to load - automatically with no operator interven-

local activity is to be found, and automatically loads those frequencies for you. you may be unfamiliar with the repeater frequencies; Smart Search discovers where the The Smart Search feature is especially useful when visiting a city for the first time, where

Smart Search operation is simple to activate:

- (1) Press the [**P2**] key.*
- (2) The Smart Search process will now cause the radio to scan upward on current band loading channels on which it encounters a signal strong enough to open the squelch
- To recall the Smart Search Memories just stored, rotate the Main Dial knob or press and the transceiver will revert to the starting frequency. When 50 channels are loaded or scanner is reached band edge, the scanner will stop
- (5) If you find particular channels which you wish to store into the "regular" memory the microphone's [UP] or [DWN] key.
- (6) Press the [D/MR] key momentarily to exit the Smart Search mode system, follow the memory storage procedures described on page 32.

Smart Search mode or initiate a new Smart Search sweep Note that these memories are so-called "soft" memories; they will be lost if you exit the

The (user-programmable) [P2] key is set at the factory for Smart Search operation It may be assigned to one of the other programmable keys, if you like. See page 53

PROGRAMMABLE BAND-SCAN LIMITS

Besides band and memory scanning, this radio can be set to tune or scan only the frequensies between user-defined lower and upper limits. For example, you may wish to limit uning/scanning to 144.5 ~ 148 MHz, to avoid encroachment on the SSB/CW sub-band oetween 144.0 and 144.5 MHz. These scanning limits are stored in special "Sub-Band Limit Memories," labeled PMS IL, PMS-1U, PMS-2L, and PMS-2U, with "L" and "U" designations representing the Lower and Upper limits, respectively.

To utilize this feature, use the following steps:

(1) Store the lower edge of the desired scanning/tuning range in memory "PMS-1L," and the upper edge in memory "PMS-1U" (or, alternatively, in memories "PMS-2L" and

With any of these memories recalled, press the [MHz] key momentarily to activate the Programmable Band-Scan Limits. The "P" notation will appear at the right side of the display, reminding you that you are using the Programmable Band Limits. The frequencies stored in memories "L" and "U" will now serve as tuning and scanning imits, thus creating a tuning sub-band.

To cancel the sub-band limits and return to normal memory operation, press the [D/MR] sey momentarily.

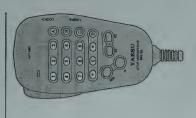
Note: If the frequency in memory channel "PMS-xL" is equal to or greater than the frequency stored in memory channel "PMS-xU," you can not activate the PMS operation.

FRANSMISSION

To transmit, simply close the PTT (Push To Talk) switch on the microphone when the frequency is clear. Hold the microphone approximately 25 mm (1") from your mouth, and speak into the microphone in a normal voice level. When your transmission is complete, release the PTT switch; the transceiver will revert to the receive mode.

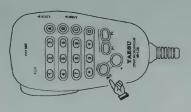
DTMF KEYPAD

The white keys (with numbers, letters, or the */# characters lust press the PTT switch, and hold it in while pressing the printed on them) on the microphone may be used for manual sending of DTMF tones for autopatch or repeater control use. desired keys.



1750 Hz Tone CALL

In the European version, press the [ACC] button on the microphone to transmit a 1750 Hz Calling Tone for repeater access.



POWER OUTPUT SETTING

Four power output levels are available on this transceiver: 5 watts (Low 3), 10 watts (Low 2), 25 watts (Low 1) and 60 watts (High).

To change the power level, press and hold the [REV] key to select one of four power setting. These power levels will be stored in memory registers, at the time of memory storage (see page 32 for details on Memory operation).

During transmission, the Bar Graph will deflect in the display, according to the power output selected.

5 watts (Low 3)

10 watts (Low 2)



25 watts (Low 1)

60 watts (High)

HSDOD

PTT LOCKING

The PTT circuitry may be locked out, so as to prevent unauthorized (or otherwise undesired) transmission.

To lock out the PTT switch and prevent transmission, use the following procedure:

- (1) Press and hold the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "16 LCKTX."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the display to "ON."
- (3) Press and hold the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.
- (4) To cancel PTT locking, select "DFF" in step (2) above.

MEMORY SKIP SCANNING (MR MODE)

When you have some continuously-active channels (like Weather broadcasts) in memories, you may wish to skip them for scanning, but still have them available for manual selection.

To select a memory to be skipped during scanning:

- Recall the memory channel to be skipped. Note that Memory Channel 1 may not be skipped, as it is the Priority Channel.
- (2) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "27 SKIP."
- (3) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "SKIP."
- (4) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

To re-enable a "skipped" memory channel, select "STOP" in step (3) above

TEMPORARY MEMORY SKIP

If the scanner repeatedly stops on a channel due to temporary noise or interference, you can temporarily mark it to be skipped. The channel will be skipped until you manually stop the scan (by pressing the PTT switch, for example).

To skip a channel temporarily, press the [MHz] key momentarily while the scanner has stopped on the channel to be skipped. The scanner will instantaneously resume, and that channel will not be scanned during this scanning session. Note that Memory Channel I may not be skipped, as it is the Priority Channel.

Scanning

The FT-2600M's scanning capability provides the operator with many convenient methods of rapid frequency navigation.

BASIC SCANNER OPERATION

Before activating the scanner, make sure that the Squelch is set to silence the background noise when no signal is present. If noise is being heard, the scanner will not function (because the radio will "think" that it is on a "Busy" channel).

Scanning may be started or stopped using the microphone's [UP] and [DWN] buttons. The following techniques are used during scanning operation:

- (1) Pressing and holding in either the [UP] or [DWN] button for one second in the VFO mode will cause upward or downward band scanning, respectively, to begin.
- (2) Pressing and holding in either the [UP] or [DWN] button for one second in the Memory Recall mode will cause memory channel scanning toward a higher- or lower-numbered memory channel, respectively.
- (3) Scanning pauses when a signal opens the squelch, and the decimal point on the display will blink. You can choose one of two scan-resume modes (described later).
 - (4) To halt the scan manually, the easiest way is to push the PTT switch on the microphone momentarily (no transmission will occur while you are scanning). The scan may also be halted manually by pressing the microphone's [UP] or [DWN] button, or the [D/MR] key on the front panel of the radio.

SCAN-RESUME OPTIONS

Two scan-resume modes are available on the FT-2600M:

- [1] In the BUSY mode, the scanner will remain halted for as long as there is carrier present on the channel; after the carrier drops at the end of the other station's transmission, the scanner will resume.
- [2] In the TIME mode, the scanner will halt for five seconds only, after which scanning will resume (whether or not the other station is still transmitting).

To change the scan-resume mode:

- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "25 SCAN."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired scan-resume mode (BUSY or TIME).
- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

Operation

FRANSMITTER THERMAL PROTECTION SENSOR

Although the FT-2600M includes an extensive heat-dissipation system, excessively-long transmissions or restricted ventilation around the transceiver's case may cause the transceiver to overheat. This condition has the potential to cause damage.

Before the heat has built up to a dangerous level, you will be provided early warning by the "TX PRTCT" ("TRANSMITTER PROTECTION") indication on the display. If this is observed, curtail your transmission and allow the transceiver to cool off.

If your operating patterns require very long, continuous transmissions, try one of the "Low Power" modes to reduce the heat generated by the final amplifier stage. You may find that effective communications can still be carried out even at the 5-Watt power level.

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Operation

REPEATER OPERATION

The FT-2600M includes a host of convenience features which makes operation on amateur repeaters both efficient and enjoyable.

REPEATER SPLITS

This transceiver offers three methods of setting up split-frequency operation on repeaters:

- [1] Manual selection of preset repeater shifts;
- [2] Automatic Repeater Shift (ARS), providing automatic activation of repeater shifts within designated repeater frequency subbands; and
- [3] Independently stored transmit and receive frequencies (typically not corresponding to established repeater frequency shifts).

[1] Standard Repeater Shifts

The FT-2600M has been shipped ready for use on the repeater shift typically used in your country. For customers in the United States, for example, the standard repeater shift will be 600 kHz, and the direction of the shift will depend on the part of the band in which you are operating.

To activate the standard shift manually:

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "23 RPTR."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired shift direction: ARS (Automatic Repeater Shift), SHIFT+, or OFF (Simplex).
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

With repeater shift activated, you can temporarily reverse the transmit and receive frequencies by pressing the front panel's [REV] key. Use this feature to display the transmit frequency without transmitting, and to check the strength of signals on a repeater uplink frequency (so as to determine whether or not a particular station is within "Simplex" range, for example).

CHANGING THE DEFAULT REPEATER SHIFT

The repeater offset is usually set to 600 kHz from the factory. You can change the offset by using following procedure, if needed:

- Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "26 SHIFT."
 Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to set the desired offset. Note that
- the resolution of the "standard" repeater shift is to the nearest 50 kHz multiple.

 (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to
- Note: Do not use the above procedure if you just want to operate on one "odd split" frequency. Use the "Independent Transmit/Receive Frequency" mode, as described in section [3] on the next page.

FT-2600M OPERATING MANUAL

Memory System Operation

MEMORY-ONLY MODE

Once memory channel programming has been completed, you may place the radio in a "MEMORY-ONLY" mode, whereby VFO and HOME channel operation are impossible. This may be particularly useful during public-service events where a number of operators may be using the radio for first time, and ultimate simplicity of channel selection is desired.

To place the radio into the Memory-Only mode, turn it off. Now press and hold in the [D/MR] key while turning the radio on. The VFO and Home channel will now be disabled.

To return to normal operation, repeat the above power-on procedure.

DELETING MEMORIES

With 174 total memories available, there frequently are situations where you may desire to delete certain memorized frequencies. The procedure for deleting a channel is quite simple:

- (1) Press and hold in the [D/MR] key for one second.
- (2) Rotate the Main Dial to select the channel to be deleted. Note that Memory Channel I may not be deleted, as it is the Priority Channel.
- (3) Press the [A/N] button. This will cause the display to shift to Memory Channel I, and the previously-selected memory will be deleted.

Important Note: Once deleted, the channel data cannot be recovered.

HOME CHANNEL MEMORY

A convenient one-touch "Home" channel memory is available to simplify return to your most-often-used frequency. This memory does not appear in the regular memory bank, to simplify operation. To recall the Howe channel while in the MR mode, just press the [D/MR] key momentarily. From the VFO mode, press [D/MR] twice. While you are operating on the Home channel, an "H" will appear at the right side of the display.



145.528 x

The factory default frequency for the Home channel is 146.520 MHz. You can re-program the Home channel in a manner identical to that used for the regular memories:

- (1) From the VFO mode, tune in the frequency you wish to store, and set all repeater shifts and other data just the way you do for "normal" memory channel storage
 - Press and hold the [D/MR] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "HOME"
 - Press the [D/MR] key momentarily to store the new Home channel.
- At this point, the right-most digit will be blinking, as a reminder that you can store an Alpha-Numeric label to the Home channel. Use the A/N storage procedure described

MEMORY OFFSET TUNING

Once you have recalled a particular memory channel, you may tune off that channel, as though you were in the VFO mode.

- (1) With the FT-2600M in the "MR" mode, select the desired memory channel
 - (2) Press the [MHz] key momentarily.
- (3) Now rotate the Main Dial knob, as desired, to tune to a new frequency. This new frequency may be stored in a new memory register, if you like, using the procedures
- If you wish to return to the original memory frequency, press the [D/MR] key momentarily. Any offset tuning will be discarded, and the original memory contents will appear on the display. 4

Operation

[2] Automatic Repeater Shift

The ARS (Automatic Repeater Shift) feature in the FT-2600M allows easy and convenient repeater operation by automatically activating the repeater shift function whenever you tune to a standard repeater sub-band. The ARS function is preset at the factory to conform to the standards for the country to which it is exported.

The ARS function is enabled at the factory. To disable it:

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "23 RPTR."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to change the display to "OFF." (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

To enable the ARS function again, select "ARS" in step (2) above.



[3] Separate Transmit Frequency Memories

All memory channels can store independent receive and transmit frequencies, to accommodate occasional non-standard offsets with greater frequency resolution than is available using the "standard" shift feature. Here is the procedure for storing an "odd split" frequency pair into a memory. A full discussion of memory channel storage and recall is found in the next section.

- (1) First store the receive (repeater output) frequency. In the VFO mode, tune the transceiver to the desired receive frequency. Now press and hold in the [D/MR] key for one
- Within five seconds of pressing the [D/MR] key, use the Main Dial knob (or the microphone's [UP]/[DWN] buttons) to select the memory channel number on which you wish to store the frequency pair. If the memory register already has data stored in it, the display will blink "CHnnnUSD' where "nnn" is the channel number. $\overline{2}$
 - (3) Now press the [D/MR] key for one second to store the receive frequency into the selected memory.

Memory System Operation

- (4) Next, store the transmit (repeater input) frequency. Since you are still in the VFO mode, tune the transceiver to the desired transmit frequency.
- (5) Now press and hold in the [D/MR] key for one second.
- (6) Press and hold the PTT switch, then press the [D/MR] key for one second while holding in the PTT switch. This will not cause transmission, but rather it will instruct the transceiver that you are programming a separate transmit frequency into memory.

When you have finished the above procedure, press the [D/MR] key momentarily. The channel number will flash onto the display momentarily, to be followed by the repeater downlink frequency. If you press the PTT switch, you will observe the display changing to indicate the repeater's uplink frequency. Note also that the display shows "-+" in the upper left-hand corner; this indicates that an "odd" (non-standard) shift has been stored on this channel.

RECALLING MEMORIES

From the VFO mode, momentarily press the [D/MR] key once to activate the "MR" (Memory Recall) mode.

When more than one memory has been stored, use the Main Dial knob to select a memory for operation. Alternatively, microphone's [UP] and [DWN] buttons may be used to step or scan through the available memories. When using the microphone's buttons, press and immediately release the button to move one step up or down; press and hold the [UP] or [DWN] button for one second to begin memory scanning.

While you are operating in the MR mode, the "M" notation will appear at the right side of the display.



MEMORY RECALL FROM MH-36B6J MICROPHONE

While operating in the VFO, Home Channel (see below), or Memory Recall mode, the keypad of the MH-36660 may be used for direct recall of memory channels.

To do this, press the Channel Number you wish to recall, then press the [*] key. For example, to recall Memory Channel 5, press $[5] \Rightarrow [*]$. To recall Channel number 118, press $[1] \Rightarrow [1] \Rightarrow [8] \Rightarrow [*]$.

TO TURN ON THE ALPHA-NUMERIC MEMORY NAME DISPLAY

If you are in the "MR" mode, press the [A/N] key to replace the frequency display with the Alpha-Numeric Label.

MEMORY STORAGE

To store a frequency into memory:

- (1) In the VFO mode, select the desired frequency, repeater shift, CTCSS tone, and TX
- Press and hold in the [D/MR] key for one second. A memory number (or letters and numbers) will appear (blinking) on the display.
- Within five seconds of pressing the [D/MR] key, use the Main Dial knob or the microphone's [UP]/[DWN] buttons to select the desired memory for storage (if the channel is already occupied by data stored previously, the USD notation will appear to the right of the blinking channel number). (3)



- Press the [D/MR] key again, this time momentarily, to store the displayed data into the selected memory channel slot. The memory label will stop blinking, and the display will now be blank, except for a blinking digit at the left side of the display. If you wish to append a name to the just-memorized channel, move quickly to the next step. (4)
 - Note: If the left digit quits blinking, this indicates that the Alpha-Numeric Storage Timer has expired. The frequency data will not be lost if this happens, however

TO APPEND AN ALPHA-NUMERIC LABEL TO A MEMORY

- While the right-most digit is still blinking in step (4) above, rotate the Main Dial knob to select the first character in the name you wish to store, then press the [D/MR] key to move on to the next character. Letters (both upper and lower case), numbers, and symbols are available for storage.
- Again rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired number, letter, or symbol, then press the [D/MR] key to move on to the next character's slot.
- Repeat step (2) as many times as necessary to complete the name tag for the memory, then press and hold in the [D/MR] key for one second to save the A/N (Alpha-Numeric) name entry and exit to normal operation.
- Note: If you wish to append a label to a memory after the Alpha-Numeric Storage Timer has expired, first recall the memory channel (see below), then press the [MHz] key #01 (ALPH), then press the [MHz] key momentarily. You will now be ready to begin for one second to enter the Menu mode. Rotate the Main Dial to select Menu item with step (I) ahove.

Operation

TONE SQUELCH MODES

Repeater systems often require an access signal for activation of the repeater. These access tones are often required so as to reduce false activation of the repeater by random noises or other signals on the band. Additionally, these systems can allow silent monitoring of busy channels until a call directed to your radio is received, offering less disruption to family activities, etc.

CTCSS (CONTINUOUS TONE CODED SQUELCH SYSTEM)

This system superimposes a continuous, subaudible tone on your transmitted audio. When decoded at the other station, the CTCSS signal triggers their squelch to open and receive your transmission. Some "closed" repeaters use this to limit access, or to prevent signals intended for other repeaters (with the same input frequency) in fringe areas from locking up the repeater. There are 47 selectable CTCSS tones provided in the FT-2600M

	85.4	110.9	146.2	183.5	2107	
7	82.5	107.2	141.3	179.9	206.5	254 1
更高	7.67	103.5	136.5	173.8	2035	250.3
SACCOUNT	77.0	100.0	131.8	167.9	199.5	241.8
[GME]	74.4	97.4	127.3	162.2	196.6	233.6
STCSS	71.9	94.8	123.0	159.8	192.8	229.1
0	69.3	91.5	118.8	156.7	1899	2257
	67.0	88.5	114.8	151.4	186.2	2181 2257

DCS (DIGITAL CODE SQUELCH)

synchronous code). DCS is widely used in the commercial (Land-Mobile) industry because of DCS operation modulates a subaudible tone according to a digital protocol (continuous 32-bit its superior performance; its 104 unique codes offer greater immunity to false decoding than CTCSS, although CTCSS is still more widely used in amateur repeater systems To use either CTCSS or DCS, both stations must be on the same frequency, and must have selected the same CTCSS tone or DCS code.

To select and activate CTCSS or DCS operation:

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "30 TONE."
- Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired squelch type from the following:
 - "ENC" (Encode) appears when the CTCSS tone generator is activated for transmission only.
- "ENC/DEC" (Encode/Decode) appears when the CTCSS Tone Squelch is activated for both TX and RX (only signals "Encoded" with the matching tone will open your radio's squelch).

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- "DCS" (digital code squelch) appears when Digital Code Squelch system (TX & RX) is active.
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation.

or DCS code, that you and the other station have both agreed to use: Now that you have selected the Tone Mode to be used, you need to select the CTCSS tone

- 0 If "ENC" or "ENC/DEC" is selected:
- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "31 TONEF."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to choose the desired CTCSS
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation
- 0 If "DCS" is selected:
- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "10 DCSN."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to choose the desired DCS
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation

memory, it will be active when that memory pair is used to start PMS scanning or tuning. the tone or function, and store the memory again. If you activate CTCSS/DCS on a PMS ming. To change a memorized tone/code or tone system, just recall the memory channel, reset CTCSS/DCS settings may stored in any memory register at the time of frequency program-

532 546 565 606 612 624 627 631 632 654 662 664 703 712 723 731 732 734 743 754 371 411 412 413 423 431 432 445 446 452 454 455 462 464 465 466 503 506 516 523 251 252 255 261 263 265 266 271 274 306 311 315 325 331 332 343 346 351 356 364 365 131 132 134 143 145 152 155 156 162 165 172 174 205 212 223 225 226 243 244 245 246 023 025 026 031 032 036 043 047 051 053 054 065 071 072 073 074 114 115 116 122 125 DCS CODES

Operation

- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired speed: "50 ms" (High speed) or "100 ms" (Low speed).
- (3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation

pressed) and the first DTMF digit is sent You can also set a longer delay between the time you press the [MHz] key (with PTT

To set a delay time, use the following procedure:

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "13 DTMFD."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the desired speed (50/ 250/450/750/1000 ms).
- normal operation. Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to the

DTMF AUTODIALER OPERATION

Eight DTMF Autodialer memories are available on the FT-2600M. These DTMF Autodialer memories can store up to 16 digits of a telephone number for, repeater autopatch or other uses.

To load DTMF Autodialer memories, use following procedure:

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "15 DTMFW."
- Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select the DTMF Autodialer memory channel number into which you wish store a telephone number ("1" to "8").
 - Press the [D/MR] key momentarily (3)
- Rotate the Main Dial knob to select the first digit of the telephone number you wish to store. (4)
 - Now rotate the Main Dial knob to select the second of the 16 available numbers in the When you have selected the correct digit, press the [D/MR] key momentarily. current DTMF Autodialer memory register. (5)
- Repeat this procedure for each digit in the telephone number. 9
- When entry of all digits is complete, press and hold the the [D/MR] key for one second to save the new setting. If you wish to store another DTMF string, rotate the Main Dial knob to select another DTMF Memory register, then repeat steps (3) through (6)
- When all required DTMF memories are filled to your satisfaction, press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new settings and exit to normal operation. 8
 - To transmit the memorized telephone number, use the following procedure:
- (1) If you are not working within the Menu system, press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "15 DTMFW."
 - Now press the [MHz] key momentarily to enable selection of the Autodialer Memory. (5)
- Rotate the Main Dial knob to select the DTMF Autodialer Memory channel to be transmitted. (3)
- Press and hold in the PTT switch.
- While still holding the PTT switch in, press the [MHz] key momentarily to transmit the tone string.

Once you have pressed the [MHZ] button above step, you can release the PTT switch, as Autodialer transmits the whole DTMF string automatically.

The speed at which the DTMF digits are sent can be changed. Two speed levels are availble: Low (10 digits per second) and High (20 digits per second: default)

To toggle between Low and High speed, use the following procedure:

- 1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to
 - select "14 DTMFS."

Operation

CTCSS/DCS SELECTIONS USING PROGRAMMABLE MICROPHONE KEY

One of the microphone's "Programmable Keys" (P1, P2, or ACC) may be utilized for comprehensive control over CTCSS and/or DCS operation. For the discussion below, let us assume that the [P1] key has been assigned the "Tone" function, per the instructions on page 53.

- (1) When you have chosen the desired operating frequency, press the [P1] key momentarily. The display will indicate "OFF" if no CTCSS or DCS code is currently en-
 - Within three seconds, press the [P1] key as many times as required to activate the desired Tone mode. The available options are: (7)

ш	E (CTCSS Encoder)	The current tone will be shown at the right side
		of the display.
ED	(CTCSS Encoder/Decoder)	ED (CTCSS Encoder/Decoder) The current tone will be shown at the right side
		of the display, and "CTCSS" will appear at the
		top of the display.
DCS	DCS (DCS Encoder/Decoder)	The current DCS Code # will be shown at the
		right side of the display, and "DCS" will ap pear

No CTCSS/DCS tone or code is active.

at the top of the display.

(3) When you have made your selection from the above list, press the microphone's [UP] or [DWN] key, as many times as required, to select the desired CTCSS Tone Frequency or DCS Code #.

change" to the original data, which will be discarded. Therefore, you do not need to Note: The above procedure may be performed on a VFO frequency, a Memory Channel, or the Home Channel. Any changes you make will be memorized as a "running "re-memorize" data if you are modifying CTCSS/DCS information on a memory.

CTCSS TONE SEARCH SCANNING

tion, you can command the radio to listen to the incoming signal and scan in search of the In operating situations where you don't know the CTCSS tone being used by another staone being used.

Before you begin the tone search, please check the (programmable) setting of the microphone's ACC] button (Menu #21); it should be set to "TSRCH" for proper operation.

To scan for the CTCSS tone in use:

- (1) Set the radio up for the CTCSS operation.
- (2) Press the [ACC] button on the microphone momentarily to start scanning for the incoming CTCSS tone.

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Operation

- (3) When the radio detects the correct tone, it will halt on that tone, and audio will be allowed to pass
- (4) Press and hold in the [D/MR] key for one second; the CTCSS tone detected will be stored as the "current" tone, so it may be used for memory storage purposes It can be viewed by accessing Menu #31 (TONEF).
- (5) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to exit to normaloperaion

DCS Tone Search Scanning

command the radio to listen to the incoming signal and scan in search of the code being used. In operating situations where you don't know the DCS code being used by another station, you can

microphone's [ACC] button (Menu #21); it should be set to "TSRCH" for proper operation. Before you begin the DCS Code search, please check the (programmable) setting of the

To scan for the DCS tone in use

- (1) Set the radio up for the DCS operation
- (2) Press the [ACC] button on the microphone momentarily to start scanning for the incoming DCS tone.
- (3) When the radio detects the correct code, it halts on that code, and audio is allowed to
- (4) Press and hold in the [D/MR] key for one second; the DCS code detected will be stored as the "current" code #, so it may be used for memory storage purposes It can be viewed by accessing Menu #10 (DCSN).
- (5) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to exit to normal operaion

DCS CODE INVERSION

enabled, as the decoded bit sequence does not match that selected for operation code to be sent or received. This prevents the receiver squelch from opening with DCS of 134.4 bps (bit/sec). Occasionally, signal inversion can result in the complement of a DCS uses a codeword consisting of a 23-bit frame, transmitted (subaudible) at a data rate

Typical situations that might cause inversion to occur are:

- Connection of an external receiver preamplifier
- 0 Operating through a repeater
- 0 Connection of an external linear amplifier

is defective Note that unexpected code inversion does not mean that any of the above listed equipment

stages may result in inversion of a transmitted or received DCS code Small signal or power amplifiers having an odd number (1, 3, 5, etc.) of amplification In certain amplifier configurations, the output signal (phase) is inverted from the input

While under most circumstances this should not occur (amplifier designs and industry

Operation

not both) can try the following: both you and the other station are using a common DCS code, you or the other station (bstandards take this into account), if you find that your receiver squelch does not open whe

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob select "11 DCSNR."
- (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select one of the followin

TRX REV TX REV: RX REV TRX NOR Encoder: Reverse (Inverted) Encoder: Reverse (Inverted) Encoder: Normal Encoder: Norma Decoder: Reverse (Inverted) Decoder: Normal Decoder: Reverse (Inverted) Decoder: Norma

(3) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second to save the new setting and exit to normal operation

Remember to restore the default setting of MENU #11 to "TRX NOR" (Encoder; Normal Decoder; Normal) when done

CTCSS BELL PAGING

to alert you to the presence of the incoming call convenience. When you receive a call with a matching CTCSS tone, the ringer will sound CTCSS Bell Paging adds an alert ringer to CTCSS tone squelch operation, for added

- (1) Press and hold in the [MHz] key for one second, then rotate the Main Dial knob to select "05 BELL."
- (3) To de-activate CTCSS Bell operation, select "OFF" in step (2) above (2) Press the [MHz] key, then rotate the Main Dial knob to change the display to "ON."

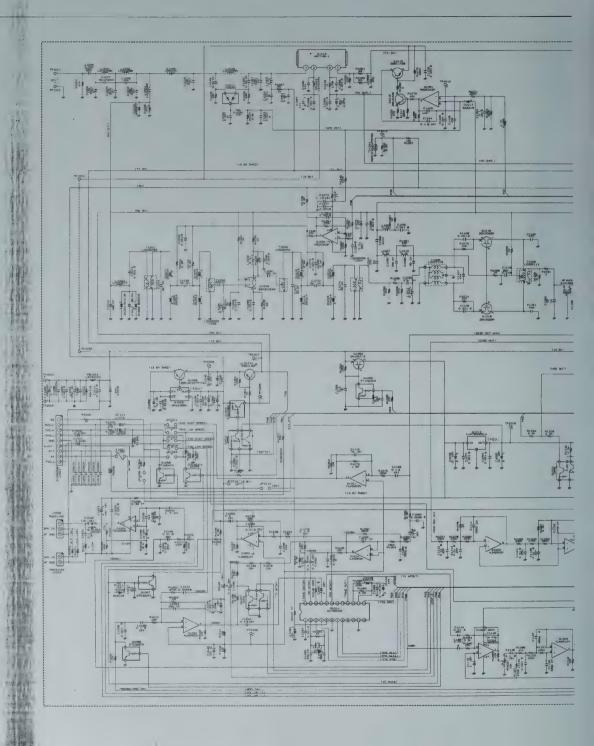
Calls without a matching CTCSS tone will be ignored during CTCSS Bell operation

just use standard CTCSS encoding Note that other stations do not need to have the CTCSS Bell function to call you; they can

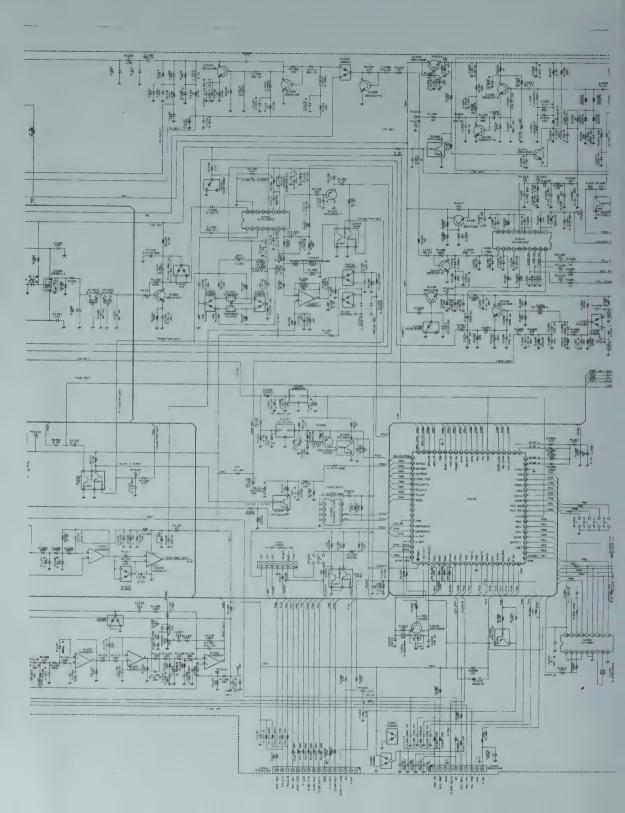
the transceiver will ring every time your squelch opens When you reply to a CTCSS Bell call, you may want to turn off the Bell function, or else

and encode/decode state You can store the CTCSS Bell Paging function into a memory, along with the CTCSS tone









FT-2600M Circuit Diagram

